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### **Protocol**

Target Group: All Physicians and Nursing Caregivers treating DKA Patients	Original Date of Issue: 14/06/2015	Date of Last Review: 17/01/2023	Publication Date: 11/06/2017
Approved by: Rakesh Suri, MD Chief of Staff	Date Last Approved: 11/06/2017	<b>Document Owner:</b> Rabih Hijazi (Physician)	Version Number: 2

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#### **Purpose**

To provide physicians and nurses at CCAD with a protocol for using intravenous insulin infusion to treat patients with diabetic ketoacidosis (DKA)

#### **Protocol**

- 1. Ordering
  - 1.1. This protocol will be initiated by a physician order.
  - 1.2. Subsequent orders specified by the protocol will be entered by a nurse as 'per protocol'.
  - 1.3. Subsequent orders not specified in the protocol will require a physician order.
- 2. Insulin protocol
  - 2.1. Discontinue all previous orders for insulin and other glucose lowering agents.
  - 2.2. Intravenous (IV) insulin solution.
    - 2.2.1. Regular insulin in 0.9% NaCl (1 unit per 1mL).
    - 2.2.2. Must use infusion pump and run with maintenance fluid.
  - 2.3. Monitor blood glucose every hour.
  - 2.4. Record all blood glucose measurements in Epic.
  - 2.5. Contact physician prior to starting insulin drip if K < 3.5 mmol/L.
  - 2.6. Patient must be NPO while drip is infusing.
  - 2.7. Patient is to remain on nursing unit while IV insulin is infusing unless accompanied by RN or physician.
  - 2.8. Administer a bolus insulin of 0.1 unit/kg and start infusion at a rate of 0.1 unit/kg/hour: The initial goal of insulin therapy is to decrease blood glucose slowly by 2.8-4.2 mmol/L/hour (50-75 mg/dL/hour).
  - 2.9. Adjust the insulin infusion according to the following table <u>until the blood glucose reaches 11.1 mmol/L (200 mg/dL)</u>:

Blood

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#### Insulin Diabetic Ketoacidosis Protocol

BLOOD Glucose CHANGE Direction		Glucose Change Range	Adjustment in insulin infusion	
⊕ lol	DECLINING	If DECLINES in 1 HOUR by	0-2.7 mmol/L/hour	Increase rate by 20%
			2.8-4.2 mmol/L/hour	No change in insulin drip
			>4.3 mmol/L/hour	Hold insulin drip for 15 minutes and then restart at 50% of most recent rate
仓	INCREASING	If INCREASES in 1 HOUR by	0-2.7 mmol/L/hour	Increase infusion rate By 50%
			>2.8 mmol/L/hour	Bolus 0.05 unit/kg and increase infusion rate By 50%

- 3. When the blood glucose drops to less than 11.1 mmol/L from a previous value of >11.1 mmol/L, adjust regular insulin infusion to 0.05 unit/kg/hr and, if not done earlier, change IV fluids to a dextrose containing solution per physicians' orders. The goal is now to close the anion gap and maintain blood glucose between 8.3 and 11.1 mmol/L. If either current or previous blood glucose remains less than 11.1 mmol/L, follow the adjustment rules below:
  - 3.1 If blood glucose decreases in 1 hour by ≥1.6 mmol/L (≥30 mg/dL) since previous level, decrease insulin infusion rate by 50%.
  - 3.2 If blood glucose increases in 1 hour by ≥1.6 mmol/L (≥30 mg/dL) since previous level, increase insulin infusion rate by 25%.
- 4. Stop insulin infusion if blood glucose <3.8 mmol/L (70 mg/dl), notify physician, and initiate hypoglycemia protocol. Restart insulin infusion at half of the last rate when blood glucose is >5.6 mmol/L (>100 mg/dL).
- 5. Subcutaneous insulin should be started when blood glucose is < 11.1 mmol/L (200 mg/dL), anion gap normalized, and oral intake tolerated. Contact physician for orders.
- 6. Stop intravenous insulin 60 minutes after injection of a short-acting insulin (like aspart or regular) or 90 minutes after injection of a long-acting insulin (like glargine).
- 7. After stopping the insulin infusion, monitor blood glucose 1 hour after stopping and then at frequency ordered by the physician.

#### **Definitions**

1. None

#### **External References**

- 1. Abbas E. Kitabchi et al. Diabetes Care 2009; 32:1335-1343.
- 2. www.UptoDate.com
- 3. L. Loriaux. Endocrine Emergencies: Recognition and Treatment, Contemporary Endocrinology. Chapter 2, pages 15-32.

### Institute / Department / Committee Involved in Protocol Development / Revision

- 1. Quality and Patient Safety Institute
- 2. Department of Pharmacy
- 3. Medical Subspecialties Institute, Endocrinology, Diabetes, and Metabolism
- 4. Respiratory and Critical Care Institute

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## **Insulin Diabetic Ketoacidosis Protocol**

# CCAD Related or Supporting Documents 1. None

# Abbreviation: 1. None

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